FILED KERN COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT

DCT 072020

DEPUTY

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF KERN

IN RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF AB 3088, THE TENANT, HOMEOWNER, AND SMALL LANDLORD RELIEF AND STABILIZATION ACT AND CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION MORATORIUM ON EVICTIONS (REVISED OCTOBER 7, 2020)

MISCELLANEOUS NO .: STO-20-0016

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

On April 6, 2020, the Judicial Council issued Emergency Rule 1 which prohibited the processing of summons and defaults in unlawful detainer matters with certain exceptions. Emergency Rule 1 expired on September 1, 2020.

On August 31, 2020, the California Legislature adopted Assembly Bill 3088, the Tenant, Homeowner, and Small Landlord Relief and Stabilization Act of 2020, adopted as urgency legislation with an effective date of September 2, 2020. AB 3088 restricts processing of certain residential unlawful detainers based upon a failure to pay rent after March 1, 2020, due to COVID-19 financial distress and establishes new

STANDING ORDER- IN RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF AB 3088, THE TENANT, HOMEOWNER, AND SMALL LANDLORD RELIEF AND STABILIZATION ACT AND CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION MORATORIUM ON EVICTIONS - REVISED OCTOBER 7, 2020 Page 1

1 pro 2 30 3 C0 4 C0 5 ev 6 mo 7 4, sc 9 ba

procedures that must be followed prior to initiating a residential unlawful detainer. AB 3088 added Code of Civil Procedure, § 1179.01, et seq., which is known as the COVID-19 Tenant Relief Act of 2020. On September 1, 2020, the Center for Disease Control issued a federal agency order creating a moratorium on certain residential evictions due to failure to pay rent to prevent the further spread of COVID-19. The moratorium is in effect through December 31, 2020. See 85 Fed. Reg. 55292 (Sept. 4, 2020). The changes in the law require the court to retroactively and prospectively screen unlawful detainer cases for processing based upon the type of case, factual basis for the unlawful detainer and procedural protections operative on specific dates.

To implement Code of Civil Procedure, § 1179.01.5(c), which requires a plaintiff to file an unlawful detainer supplemental cover sheet with specified contents, the court requires plaintiffs to file *Plaintiff's Mandatory Cover Sheet and Supplemental Allegations – Unlawful Detainer* (Judicial Council Form UD-101). Plaintiffs seeking issuance of a summons or request for entry of default in a case that has been held for processing must submit Form UD-101 with any future filing. For any new unlawful detainer action filed after October 9, 2020, plaintiff must file this form with their complaint, or the complaint will be rejected.

Form UD-101 will assist the court to screen and process cases based upon state, federal and local law, and should include an explanation as to why plaintiff believes it is appropriate for the court to proceed with the action in light of all the new changes to the laws on eviction. Parties are further advised to consider using the new Judicial Council forms to provide a *Coversheet for Declaration of COVID-19 Related Financial Distress* (Form UD-104) and the *Attachment – Declaration of COVID-19 Related Financial Distress* (Form UD-104(A)), as well as the revised Judicial Council form for the *Answer – Unlawful Detainer* (Form UD-105).

The CDC Moratorium on Evictions does not restrict the initiation of an action for unlawful detainer. Because the issuance of a writ of possession is a ministerial function of the Clerk's office and because the execution of a writ of a possession by the Sheriff's Department is a ministerial duty, default judgments and judgments involving residential evictions will be screened by a judicial officer for compliance with applicable law, including the CDC Moratorium on Evictions, and only eligible judgments will be filed. Any party whose judgment is held for processing as a result of the application of the CDC Moratorium on Evictions will be timely notified of the determination by the court.

The Court adopts this standing order under its authority under California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 128 and 187. Failure to comply with this Standing Order and file the mandatory form <u>UD-101</u> will be grounds for dismissal of the action. This order rescinds the Court's September 14, 2020 Standing Order on the same subject. In the event of further change in the law, this standing order may be modified or rescinded as necessary.

THIS ORDER IS EFFECTIVE on October 7, 2020.

Dated: October 1, 2020.

Judith K. Dulcich, Presiding Judge Kern County Superior Court